

NOTE: [2012 Va. Acts Chapter 353](#) repealed the sections of the Code of Virginia that were the basis for this Chapter. It is set forth as stricken through and will not appear in 2014.

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12.1 Definitions

12.1.1 ~~Military Voter~~

~~Any member of the uniformed services of the United States on active duty, merchant marine, Public Health Service, or National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and spouses and dependents residing with them. These voters may retain their residency for voting purposes even if they no longer have a physical place of abode in the~~

~~state, and are therefore eligible for full registration. The term "military voter" does not include all federal employees. Federal employees who are not employees of the federal organizations listed above, and military employees not on active duty, are *not* "military voters" for absentee voting purposes.~~

12.1.2 Overseas Voter


~~A voter residing temporarily overseas who retains a place of abode in Virginia. This is usually known due to an application for an absentee ballot (most commonly the Federal Post Card Application or FPCA), on which the voter does *not* list a last date of residence. The overseas voter maintains a place of abode in Virginia and is therefore eligible for full registration. If an existing voter's FPCA or absentee ballot application indicates that the voter is overseas (e.g., through the reason code) and the application does not contain a last date of residence, the voter is considered an overseas voter.~~

12.1.3 Temporary Voter

~~A voter residing overseas who has given up their place of abode in Virginia. This is usually known due to an application for an absentee ballot (most commonly the FPCA), on which the voter lists a last date of residence or has selected a reason code that indicates the voter has relinquished his or her place of abode (reason code 1(c) on the FPCA revised 10-05 indicates the voter has relinquished his or her place of abode). The temporary voter does not maintain a place of abode in Virginia but could be eligible for either full ballots or for federal only ballots. This chapter deals exclusively with the rules for handling temporary voters of both full and federal-only types. See, GREB 11 (discussing handling other absentee applications) and GREB 9 (discussing voter registration in general).~~

12.2 The Two Types of Temporary Registration

~~Many overseas voters will be eligible to maintain their permanent registration in Virginia. Use temporary registration only for those who do not qualify for permanent registration. Any voter residing overseas who does not list a last date of residence (which means the person has not given up his or her place of abode in Virginia) or does not select the reason code 1(c) on the 2005 version of the Federal Post Card Application (FPCA) — U.S. Citizen Residing outside the U.S. indefinitely may be eligible for permanent registration as an overseas voter. The charts at the end of this chapter summarize the qualifications for permanent and temporary registration. There are two charts, one based on the 10/2005 revision of the FPCA and one based on the previous (10/1995) version. There are two types of temporary voters: full ballot and federal-only ballot. The temporary full ballot voter may vote in any election. The temporary federal-only ballot voter may only vote in federal elections (i.e., may only receive federal ballots in general, special, or primary elections for federal office).~~

-  Eligibility for federal ballots is the broadest. Most overseas citizens who cannot qualify for permanent registration will qualify to receive ballots for federal elections as temporary federal-only ballot voters.

12.3 Temporary Full (Federal, State and Local) Ballot Voter

[See, §§ 24.2-443.1 – 443.4](#)

12.3.1 Eligibility

Temporary full ballot voters are Virginia residents who moved outside the U.S. *for employment*, their spouses and dependents living with them, who meet the following requirements:

- Registered to vote in Virginia before they moved overseas
- Moved after July 1, 1999
- No longer have a Virginia place of abode

The overseas employee, accompanying spouse, or accompanying dependent must have registered to vote in Virginia before moving overseas. They do not need to have actually voted in Virginia before the move.

12.3.1.1 Duration of absentee application

The temporary full ballot voter remains registered in the precinct in which he or she was previously registered, and shall be eligible to vote in all elections held in that precinct. If the absentee application is made using Department of Elections Form 701, it is only valid for the next election.¹ Absentee applications on FPCA received on or after July 1, 2011, continue through the later of the next November general election or federal general election.² See, GREB 11 for additional information on processing ongoing applications.

¹ The old Virginia Application for Temporary Registration (Department of Elections Form 443) is obsolete and should no longer be issued, but if a voter submits their application on this form it must be processed as an application for registration and absentee ballots for one election only.


² Updated 7/2011 (SB 886). Applications on FCPAs received 7/1/2010 through 6/30/2011 continue the longer of 365 days or federal election cycle (7/2010 (HB 1235/SB 55)), Applications received on or before 6/30/2010 continue for the next two general federal elections, i.e., through November 2012.

12.3.1.2 Duration of registration

Temporary full ballot status continues so long as the voter votes at least once every five years after moving overseas. ~~§ 24.2-443.1(C)~~. If the voter fails to vote at least once in any five year period, the voter will lose full ballot status and can reapply for registration and absentee ballots while remaining overseas.


12.3.1.3 Eligibility for Absentee Ballots


The temporary full ballot voter must still apply for absentee ballots. When this type of voter applies for absentee ballots on the FPCA, the absentee application remains valid through the later of the next November general election or next general federal election.³ If the voter applies for an absentee ballot using the Virginia Absentee Ballot Application ([Department of Elections Form 701](#)), the absentee application is only valid for the next election.

-  — Students residing temporarily overseas because of enrollment in a regular, organized course of study are deemed to have employment. Similarly, citizens volunteering in the Peace Corps or overseas as missionaries are deemed to have employment. ~~§ 24.2-417.1~~.

12.3.2 Required Forms

Citizens may apply to be a temporary full ballot voter by Completion of a Federal Post-Card Application (FPCA) or a Virginia Absentee Ballot Application ([Department of Elections Form 701](#)).

-  — Effective July 1, 2009, the Federal Write In Absentee Ballot (FWAB) application can be used simultaneously as an absentee application (for the ballot that is enclosed in the FWAB) and as a voter registration application. The new FWAB contains almost the same questions/blocks as the 10/2005 FPCA. A voter registering for the first time would need to provide all the information that would be required on the FPCA.⁴ A first-time registrant who is outside the United States without a place of abode in Virginia is only eligible for temporary federal only status.

-  — The FWAB as an application for registration is most useful for military voters eligible for late registration, but it can also be used after the books reopen to register or update other voters who are overseas. The FWAB application should be copied before depositing it with the other FWABs.

³ Updated 7/2010 (HB 1235/SB 55)

⁴ Added 07/09

~~These voters may be permanent, temporary full ballot, temporary federal-only registrants, or their current status may need to be updated. The FWAB is not considered an application for additional ballots (other than the one enclosed) or for future elections, but as a registration application that should otherwise be processed the same as a Federal Post Card Application (FPCA). The absentee expiration date to enter is the day after the election for which the voter has submitted the FWAB, unless a later date is already entered from a prior FPCA application. See, GREB 11 (discussing handling of FWABs).⁵~~

~~If the voter applies for an absentee ballot using the FPCA (rev 10-95), the voter needs to do the following to be eligible for full ballots:~~


- ~~• Check box 8(c) indicating the voter is a U.S. Citizen overseas by virtue of employment or accompanying spouse or dependent.~~
- ~~• List a last date of residence (on or after July 1, 1999) in box 3(a).~~
- ~~• List the name of an employer in box 6.~~

~~If the voter applies for an absentee ballot using the FPCA (rev 10-05), the following must be done for the voter to be eligible for full ballots:~~

- ~~• Check box 1(b) indicating the voter is a U.S. Citizen residing outside the U.S. temporarily.~~
- ~~• List a last date of residence (on or after July 1, 1999) in box 6.~~
- ~~• List the name of an employer in box 6.~~


~~If the voter applies for an absentee ballot using the Virginia Absentee Ballot Application (Department of Elections Form 701), all three of the following must be done for the voter to be eligible for full ballots:~~

- ~~• Indicate reason 6D, “temporarily residing outside U.S. for employment, or cohabitant spouse or dependent.”~~
- ~~• On the form, provide the last date of residence in Virginia (If the last date of residence is before July 1, 1999, the voter is *not* a temporary full ballot voter).~~
- ~~• The voter must be previously registered.~~

 ~~When updating this voter’s registration in VERIS, the general registrar must check the **Temporary Checkbox** on the Update Registration page. The registrar then must fill in the date of last residence as it is listed on the FPCA. VERIS will state that this voter is eligible for federal only ballots on the voter’s registration. If this voter is already registered, the registrar selects the **Temporary Checkbox** on the “Add Absentee” page in VERIS~~


⁵ Added 07/09

and enters all of the information as well. This will also serve to update the voter's registration.

-  When processing the absentee application in VERIS in order to send the voter a ballot in VERIS, the system will limit the ballot type to federal only ballots. Hence the "Ballot Type" will state "Federal Only" until a last residence date **on or after July 1, 1999** and the reason code of 6D is entered. Once this information is entered, the "Ballot Type" will update to full ballot.

12.3.3 Application Procedures

If the application meets the requirements, processing begins by entering the applicant's information into the "Absentee Search" page of VERIS.

-  If the voter is not registered in the system, the general registrar files should be checked. Either there is an error that must be corrected (and thus the voter should be in the system) or the voter is not a temporary full ballot voter.

If the voter is currently registered in the system, VERIS will populate the voter's information and will indicate whether the voter has previously applied for an absentee ballot. If the voter has not previously applied for a ballot, add this application by selecting the "Add Application" button. The "Add Application" screen will then appear; enter the applicant's information for processing.

Once the application type is selected, the permissible reason codes will populate. The reasons are listed in numerical order and indicate the reason for voting absentee. The only reasons that will populate are the ones that are valid for the specific application type. Only reason 6D "Overseas for reasons of employment" will allow this voter to receive full ballots in local and state elections. Check the "Temporary" checkbox and then enter the last date of residence for the voter. Only when the correct reason code is entered, the "Temporary" checkbox is checked, and a last date of residence on or after July 1, 1999 is entered will the system assign full ballots to the voter.

Entering this information on the "Absentee" screen will update the voter's registration as well. Enter the registration end date by calculating out five years from the registration date. As long as the voter votes once every five years, the registration remains valid. If the voter submitted an FPCA, the registrar must also enter the ongoing absentee expiration date in order to indicate the ongoing status of an absentee ballot request. This date must be calculated to go through the later of the next November general election or general federal election for applications received on and after 7.1.2011 unless the voter has requested an earlier expiration date on the FPCA. *See above, footnote 2.*

~~Alternatively, update the voter's registration on the "Registration Maintain" screen before processing the absentee request. On that screen select the "Temporary" checkbox, and enter the last residence date and the registration end date. If the registration record is updated, the information will automatically carry over to the absentee record.~~

~~Finally, enter or update the address to which the absentee ballot is to be mailed (emailed/faxed). If the voter has voted absentee since moving overseas, verify that the overseas address on file is current.~~

12.3.4 Special Filing Instructions for First-Time, Temporary Full Ballot Voter

~~All temporary full ballot voters must have been previously registered to vote:~~

- ~~• Pull the voter's original voter registration application from your files.~~
- ~~• Mark on the back that the status has been changed to "Temporary Full Ballot" with the date.~~
- ~~• It is best practice to file the original voter registration application in a drawer adjacent to but separate from your active applications.~~

~~Since first-time, temporary full ballot voters will be maintained in VERIS after taking the steps above, follow the normal instructions for processing the absentee applications under GREB 11. If the voter's most recent registration application is on the FPCA (or FWAB), also follow the procedures under GREB 12.4.4 below.~~

12.3.5 Registration End Date

~~Check the voter's history to determine whether the voter has voted at least once in five years for the voter to remain a "Temporary Full Ballot Overseas Voter." If the voter has voted, update the registration end date to five years from the date the voter last voted. If the voter has not voted, then the registration must be cancelled and the absentee ballot application must be denied for state and local ballots. The voter will still qualify to receive federal ballots if the voter submits a new FPCA or registration application.⁶~~



~~If in the future, the individual reapplies for registration, the voter, if otherwise qualified, will be a temporary federal only ballot voter.~~

12.3.6 Applications That Are Incomplete or Late

⁶ Updated 07/09

~~An FPCA from an overseas or temporary (either type) voter received through the United States Postal Service shall be deemed for registration purposes to have been made as of the date of the postmark affixed to such application by the United States Postal Service. If there is no such postmark affixed or if the post mark affixed by the United States Postal Service is unreadable or bears no date, the application shall be deemed on time if received through the United States mail no later than five days following the close of the registration books. [§ 24.2-416.4\(A\)](#).~~

~~If an application from an otherwise qualified applicant is received after the deadline, send the applicant a letter explaining why your office will not send a ballot for the upcoming election. Let the voter know for what elections the application has been accepted. For example, a FCPA application for temporary registration received October 20, 2011 would be too late for the November 2011 election, but will be effective for all elections for which the voter is eligible through November 2011.~~

~~If FPCA application is incomplete and there is adequate time before the registration deadline, send the applicant a denial form along with a new FPCA application form.~~

12.3.7 Mail the Following to the Voter

~~In addition to the absentee balloting material listed in GREB 11, the following may be included with the ballot mailing to the voter:~~

- ~~• Information about the voter's registration status may be included with ballots for overseas or military voters.~~
- ~~• Information concerning the voting process for overseas citizens may be included with ballots for overseas or military voters.~~

~~VERIS will produce mailing labels either singly or in batch mode for all processed and approved absentee applications. Select the appropriate batch from the Batch Reporting Hopper page in VERIS to print labels whenever you determine labels should be printed.~~

~~If a Temporary Full-Ballot applicant applies in person after ballots are ready and before the applicable registration deadline, and then wishes to vote at that time in person, process the voter's absentee ballot application as detailed previously and provide the voter with the same material that would be provided to any other in person absentee voter. See, GREB 11. The only difference between this voter and any other in person absentee voter is that the temporary full ballot voter is exempt from the HAVA ID requirements.~~

~~After the voter places the marked ballot in the "Marked Ballot" envelope, witness the voter's signature on the outside of the envelope and sign as the witness. Place the "Marked Ballot" envelope inside the pre-addressed envelope and place the envelope in a secure, locked container. In VERIS, enter that the "Ballot Sent by" method is "In~~

~~Person,” the “Ballot Received By” method is “In Person,” and that the “Ballot Status” is “Marked.”~~

~~If using machines for in-person absentee voting, follow the normal procedures for the equipment, except make sure that you have set the machine so that ballots can be cast for all offices and issues (federal, state, and local). In VERIS, enter that the “Ballot Sent by” method is “In Person,” the “Ballot Received By” method is “In Person,” and that the “Ballot Status” is “On Machine.”~~

~~See, GREB 11 (giving specific instructions for emailed and faxed ballots).~~

12.4 Temporary Federal Only Ballot Voters

12.4.1 Eligibility

~~The Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act (UOCAVA) and subsequently enacted Virginia laws permit any citizen residing overseas, whose last residence in the U.S. was in Virginia but who no longer maintains an abode in Virginia, to receive absentee ballots for elections for federal elections only. [42 USC 1973ff et seq.](#), [§§ 24.2-440 – 443](#). Federal-only ballot voters do *not* qualify for temporary full ballot registration in all elections under Virginia law and do *not* qualify for permanent registration as overseas voters.~~

~~A voter is eligible to receive federal only ballots under any of the following circumstances:~~

- ~~• The applicant is not currently registered but submits an FPCA⁷ in order to register and apply for absentee ballots and lists a last date of residence on the application.~~


~~Check the “Temporary” checkbox on the VERIS “Voter Maintain” screen when registering this voter and fill in the date of last residence as it is listed on the FPCA. VERIS will state that this voter is eligible for Federal Only ballots on the voter’s registration. When processing the application for an absentee ballot, VERIS will carry the Federal Only designation to the absentee screens.~~

- ~~• A currently registered voter submits an FPCA or a Virginia application to update registration and apply for absentee ballots and one of the following:~~
 - ~~○ Lists a last date of residence on or after July 1, 1999 and the reason code is not “6D Overseas for reasons of employment.” Check the “Temporary” checkbox when updating this voter’s registration on VERIS. Then fill in the date of last~~

⁷ The Federal Write-In Absentee Ballot form may be used (as of 7/1/09) as a registration form. See, GREB 12.3.2.

~~residence as it is listed on the application. VERIS will state that this voter is eligible for Federal Only ballots. When processing the absentee application, the system will limit the ballot type to Federal Only ballots if a reason code is selected other than 6D “Overseas for reasons of employment.” If the voter is not overseas because of employment, he or she is not eligible under state law to receive full ballots and therefore must receive federal ballots only.~~

OR

- ~~○ Lists a last date of residence before July 1, 1999. Check the “Temporary” checkbox when updating this voter’s registration on VERIS. Then fill in the date of last residence as it is listed on the application. VERIS will state that this voter is eligible for Federal Only ballots. When processing the Absentee Application, the system will limit the ballot type to Federal Only ballots regardless of what overseas reason code is selected, including “6D overseas for reasons of employment.” If the voter moved overseas before July 1, 1999, he or she is not eligible under state law to receive full ballots, and therefore must receive federal ballots only.~~
- ~~Either a currently registered voter or an applicant who is not registered submits an FPCA and selected 1(c) as the reason code. This reason code indicates the voter is overseas indefinitely and that the date the FPCA is signed should be used as the date of last residence if no date is given. See, Department of Elections policy 2007-001. When registering a new voter or updating an existing voter, select the “Temporary” checkbox and enter the last date of residence on the FPCA if it is provided. If it is not provided, enter the date the applicant signed the FPCA. When processing the Absentee Application, make sure to enter reason code 6C which will limit the ballot type to Federal Only ballots.~~
-  ~~Federal elections are defined as: any general, special, or primary election for President, Vice President, presidential electors, or a member of the U.S. Senate or the U.S. House of Representatives.~~

12.4.2 Required Forms

~~Applications for Temporary Federal Only Ballot registration should normally be made on the Federal Post Card Application or FPCA (federal Standard Form 76 and its predecessors).⁸ Applicants using the FPCA no longer have to apply separately for each election in which they want to vote. If the application is made on the FPCA, federal only temporary registration continues through the later of the next November general election or next general federal election for FPCAs received on or after July 1, 2011.⁹ The~~

⁸ See above, footnote 2. The Federal Write-In Absentee Ballot form may be used (as of 7/1/09) as a registration form but only for the one election to which it related. See above, GREB 12.3.2.

⁹ Updated 7/2010 (HB 1235/SB 55)

~~applicant will continue to receive all ballots for which he or she is eligible during this time. The registrant will need to send a new FPCA after that time to continue to receive absentee ballots. If the applicant's FPCA reply card is properly addressed and attached, use it to notify the applicant that he/she will receive absentee ballots through the later of the next November general or general federal election, and that he/she must reapply in order to continue to receive ballots. If the FPCA reply card is not attached and the applicant has provided a fax number or email address, either method of communication may be used. For other temporary registrants, send a separate mail notice to the applicant (a postcard is sufficient). Effective 4/12/04, the notice of registration status for a UOCAVA voter may also be sent with the absentee ballot itself.~~

~~The general registrar must determine, based on the information available, whether the applicant is Military, Overseas, or Temporary. If the application lists a last date of residency, the otherwise qualified voter must be registered as a Temporary voter (either a Full Ballot or Federal Only Ballot). If an FPCA lists a reason code of 1(c), the otherwise qualified voter must be registered as a Temporary Federal Ballot only voter. VERIS will assist in this determination when the information received from the FPCA is entered and the application is processed; then VERIS will determine the proper ballot type for the voter.~~

12.4.3 Receipt of Application

~~Upon receipt of the FPCA, attach it to a piece of paper on which the "Registrar Use Only" block has been copied and then enter the date the application was received and the precinct and district codes in that block.~~

~~Enter the Temporary Federal Only Ballot overseas voter into VERIS.~~

~~Enter the registration end date by calculating out and entering the date that is the later of the next November general election or next general federal election. [§ 24.2 442](#). Enter the ongoing absentee expiration date in order to indicate the ongoing status of an absentee ballot request.~~

12.4.4 Photocopy the Application

~~The original is used as the registration application and is filed alphabetically. The photocopy is used as the absentee ballot application and will be filed by *precinct* after processed.~~

~~If the FPCA is faxed or sent as an email attachment, an applicant who is not already registered is *required* to also mail the original for your files. Place the fax or email copy of the FPCA in your registration files until the mailed FPCA arrives, and then destroy the fax or email. Use a copy of the FPCA as the Absentee Ballot Application.~~

~~Do not wait for the original, mailed form to process the application or send the ballot.~~ If the voter is registering for the first time and his original application does not arrive by Election Day, the ballot cannot be counted unless a court ordered or statutorily extended ballot receipt deadline applies. ~~See, § 24.2-709(B) (extending the deadline to return a ballot sent late).~~

~~Registration applications on FPCA are not available for public inspection. Instead, only the lists of registered voters are open to public inspection. See Chapter 6 and index at the end of that chapter for details. The application can be processed based on the email or fax and the ballot issued. If the voter is not already registered and the FPCA with the original signature does not arrive on/by Election Day, the ballot cannot be counted unless a court ordered or statutorily extended ballot receipt deadline applies. See, § 24.2-709(B) (extending the deadline to return a ballot sent late).~~

12.4.5 Applications That Are Incomplete or Late

~~Refer to the above rules to determine if an FPCA received through the USPS is late for registration purposes. See above, GREB 12.3.6.~~

12.4.6 Processing the Absentee Ballot Applications

~~Ballots for all absentee applications on file must be sent no later than~~

- ~~• 45 days before any November general election, primary election or special election for a federal office; or~~
- ~~• As soon after the deadline as possible for any nonfederal special election when time is insufficient to meet the deadline. § 24.2-612.¹⁰~~

~~Once ballots are ready they should be mailed immediately (or emailed or faxed to those who have requested that delivery method) to all applicants whose applications have previously been filed and to all subsequent applicants within 3 business days¹¹ of receipt of their applications.~~

~~Enter on form [Department of Elections-701](#) the date the ballot is being issued and an X in the “by mail” box for each ballot mailed. Mail the following to the voter:~~

- ~~• A ballot set for federal offices only sealed in a “Ballot Within” envelope~~
- ~~• The *Instructions for Absentee Voting*~~
- ~~• A marking tool, if appropriate, for the particular type of ballot in use~~

¹⁰ Updated 7/2010 (HB 1235/SB 55)

¹¹ Updated 7/2010, 7/2011 (SB 886). Any person who fails to discharge his duty regarding the absentee ballot process through willful neglect of duty and with malicious intent is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. *See also*, 18 USC 608 (felony penalties for knowing deprivation of UOCAVA voter rights).

- ~~A “Marked Ballot” envelope~~
- ~~A “Return Envelope,” addressed to the secretary of the electoral board~~
- ~~A “Request for Assistance” form (if requested by the applicant)~~
- ~~Information about the voter’s registration status, provided by the registrar, may be included with ballots for overseas or military voters~~
- ~~Information concerning the voting rights and processes for overseas citizens (provided by Department of Elections or the localities).~~

~~Place all the above in an envelope to mail to the applicant. VERIS will produce mailing labels either singly or in batch mode for all processed and approved absentee applications. Simply select the appropriate batch from the batch reporting page in VERIS to print labels whenever you determine labels should be printed.~~

~~If a Temporary Federal Ballot Only applicant applies in person before the books are closed, the ballots are ready, and the voter wishes to vote at that time in person, process the applicant’s registration and absentee ballot application as detailed above. When the ballot is issued, mark an X in the “in person” box on form *Absentee Ballot Applicants-Temporary Voters List* (Department of Elections 710(T)).~~

~~Provide the voter with a *federal* ballot set sealed in the “Ballot Within” envelope, *Instructions for Voting*, a “Marked Ballot” envelope, a marking tool, if appropriate for the particular ballot type in use, and a return envelope addressed to the secretary of the electoral board on which you have written the voter’s name and precinct number. Provide the voter a secure location to mark his/her ballot. After the voter places the marked ballot in the “Marked Ballot” envelope, witness the voter’s signature on the outside of the envelope and sign as the witness. Place the “Marked Ballot” envelope inside the pre addressed envelope, and place the envelope in a secure, locked container. Enter into VERIS that the “Ballot Sent by” method is “In Person,” the “Ballot Received By” method is “In Person,” and that the “Ballot Status” is “Marked.”~~

~~If using machines for in person absentee voting, follow the normal procedures for that equipment except **make sure that you have set the machine to the "federal ballots only"** option if the election also includes state/local elections or issues. You must enter into VERIS that the “Ballot Sent by” method is “In Person,” the “Ballot Received By” method is “In Person” and that the “Ballot Status” is “On Machine.”~~

12.5 ~~Preparing Precinct Rosters/After the Election~~

~~If a central absentee precinct (CAP) is used, a listing of absentee ballot applicants for each precinct is delivered to the CAP chief officer by no later than 6:00 AM on Election Day, or by the time the CAP opens if opening is delayed. [§ 24.2-712\(F\)](#). If no CAP is used, the copy is delivered to each precinct's chief officer on Election Day, along with the voted absentee ballots. The final absentee applicant list may no longer be posted in the polling places, but must be available for public inspection upon request. [§§ 24.2-701, 24.2-711](#).~~

~~The FPCA as an application for temporary registration also serves as an application for an absentee ballot. The FPCA continues through the later of the next November general election or the next general federal election. An application made on the Virginia Absentee Ballot Application is only effective for the next election and a separate registration application is required if the applicant is not already registered. See, GREB-6 (discussing records retention requirements).~~

12.6 ~~The Permanent v. Temporary Reference Charts~~

~~The Permanent v. Temporary reference charts are to be used as an additional point of reference. VERIS will analyze the information entered into the system and will notify the operator which ballot type the absentee voter is to receive. *See below, Permanent vs. Temporary* Reference Chart*. The first chart is for the FPCA revised October 1995. The second chart is to be used for the FPCA that was revised October 2005.~~

For Registrar Use Only: Permanent vs. Temporary* Reference Chart

(Effective July 2010 for FPCA Rev 10/1995)

Category/FPCA Reason	Registration Status/Ballot Eligibility					
	VERIS Code Key	Last Date —of Residency Given?***	Military Permanent Local, State and Federal	Overseas Permanent Local, State and Federal	Temporary* Full Local, State and Federal	Temporary* Federal Federal only
Member of the Uniformed Services or Merchant Marine with an address located within Continental U.S. Spouse or Dependent of the above [Item 8a on FPCA Rev. 10-1995]	6A 6B	Yes or No	✓ Military box			
Member of the Uniformed Services or Merchant Marine with an overseas or FPO/APO address Spouse or Dependent of the above [Item 8a on FPCA Rev. 10-1995]	6E 6F	Yes or No	✓ Military box			
U.S. Citizen temporarily residing outside the U.S. (Not due to employment) Currently registered to vote in Virginia OR Not currently registered to vote in Virginia [Item 8b on FPCA Rev. 10-1995]	6C	Yes				✓ Temporary box
		No		✓ Overseas box		
U.S. Citizen residing outside the U.S. by virtue of employment or accompanying spouse or dependent*** Due to employment and applicant was registered to vote in Virginia immediately preceding their move overseas. Applies only if moved on or after 07/01/99	6D	Yes			✓ Temporary box	
		No		✓ Overseas box		
Due to employment and applicant was not registered to vote in Virginia immediately preceding their move overseas, or moved before 07/01/99 [Item 8c on FPCA Rev. 10-1995]	6D	Yes				✓ Temporary box
		No		✓ Overseas box		
Other U.S. citizen residing outside the U.S. [Item 8d on FPCA Rev. 10-1995]	6C	—Yes				✓ Temporary box
		—No		—✓ Overseas box		
U.S. Citizen who has never resided in U.S. (for example, born overseas to parents from Virginia)	N/A	Not eligible to register or vote in Virginia for any office				

* Temporary Full registration is valid for all elections for which the voter is eligible for at least five years. Temporary Federal Only registration is valid for all elections for which the voter is eligible through the federal election cycle or for 365 days after the most recent FPCA was received.

***If last date of residency entered, individual no longer maintains a residence in Virginia. According to Virginia instructions for the FPCA this information should be placed in box 3a if applicable. If no date entered, individual maintains residence.

Rev 7.2014

For Registrar Use Only: Permanent vs. Temporary* Reference Chart
(Effective July 2010 for FPCA Rev. 10-2005)

Category/FPCA Reason	Registration Status/Ballot Eligibility										
	VERIS Code Key	Last Date — of Residency Given?***	Military Permanent Local, State and Federal	Overseas Permanent Local, State and Federal	Temporary* Full Local, State and Federal	Temporary* Federal Federal only					
Member of the Uniformed Services or Merchant Marine with an address located within Continental U.S.	6A	Yes or No	✓ Military box								
Spouse or Dependent of the above [Item 1a on FPCA Rev. 10-2005]	6B										
Member of the Uniformed Services or Merchant Marine with an overseas or FPO/APO address	6E	Yes or No	✓ Military box								
Spouse or Dependent of the above [Item 1a on FPCA Rev. 10-2005]	6F										
U.S. Citizen residing outside the U.S. Temporarily (Not due to employment) <u>Currently registered to vote in Virginia</u> OR <u>Not currently registered to vote in Virginia</u> [Item 1b on FPCA Rev. 10-2005]	6C	Yes				✓ Temporary box					
		No		✓ Overseas box							
U.S. Citizen residing outside the U.S. Temporarily*** <u>Due to employment and applicant was registered to vote in Virginia immediately preceding their move overseas. Applies only if moved on or after 07/01/99</u>	6D	Yes			✓ Temporary box						
		No		✓ Overseas box							
<u>Due to employment and applicant was not registered to vote in Virginia immediately preceding their move overseas, or moved before 07/01/99</u> [Item 1b on FPCA Rev. 10-2005]	6D	Yes				✓ Temporary box					
		No		✓ Overseas box							
U.S. Citizen residing outside the U.S. Indefinitely. [Item 1c on FPCA Rev. 10-2005]	6C	Yes or No				✓ Temporary box					
U.S. Citizen who has never resided in U.S. (for example, born overseas to parents from Virginia)	N/A	Not eligible to register or vote in Virginia for any office									
* Temporary Full registration is valid for all elections for which the voter is eligible for at least five years. Temporary Federal Only registration is valid for all elections for which the voter is eligible through the federal election cycle or for 365 days after the most recent FPCA was received.											
**If last date of residency entered, individual no longer maintains a residence in Virginia. According to Virginia instructions for the FPCA this information should be placed in box 6 if applicable. If no date entered, individual maintains residence. If the person has checked 1c and there is no last date of residence, use the date that the voter signed their application.											
***Registrar will need to determine from information provided on FPCA if voter is overseas due to employment. According to Virginia instructions for the FPCA this information should be placed in box 6 if applicable. We concluded that by marking 1(c) the voter affirms on this date that the voter was a resident of Virginia before departing the U.S. and their intent to return at some time in the future is uncertain.											

